11.6 Volume of Spheres Notes

Geometry 3313

Period

Date

Learning Target:

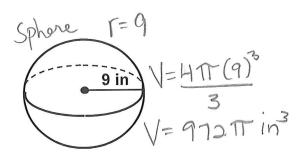
I can apply the volume formulas for Spheres and Hemispheres to solve problems.

VOLUME OF A SPHERE = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ or $\frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$, where r is the radius of the sphere

VOLUME OF A HEMISPHERE = $\frac{2}{3}\pi r^3$ or $\frac{2\pi r^3}{3}$, where r is the radius of the hemisphere

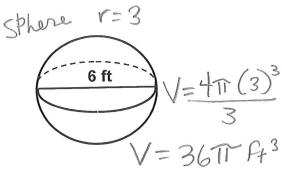
For each solid, find the exact and estimated volumes. If necessary, round to the nearest tenth.

1.



2.

4.



Exact Volume = $\frac{97211 \text{ in}^3}{}$ Estimated Volume = 3053,610 Exact Volume = $36\pi ft^3$ Estimated Volume = $\frac{113.143}{}$

3. Hemisphere V= 2TT (13)3 Henrisphere

Exact Volume = Estimated Volume = 4601,4

Exact Volume = $2250 \, \text{Tr} \, \text{cm}^3$ Estimated Volume = $\frac{7068.6 \text{ cm}^2}{}$

A hemisphere has a volume of 4500π mm³. Find the radius. 5.

$$V = 2 T r^{3}$$

$$V = 2 T r^{3}$$

$$3 r^{3} = 3 G + 50$$

$$V = 2 T r^{3}$$

$$V = 2 T$$

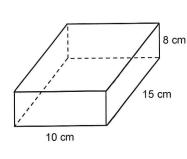
- 6. A regulation size basketball has a volume of 455.9 cubic inches.
 - What is the radius of the basketball? V= HTTY $(3)455.9 = 4\pi r^{3}(3)$

- b. If the circumference of a basketball is 29 inches, is it a regulation basketball?

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$\frac{28}{2\pi} = 2\pi r$$

- 28 = 21 r = H.46 in No. It is not a regulation Size because 4.46 < 4.77
- John had several water balloons that were perfect spheres each with a diameter of 7 cm. If he breaks the 7. water balloons and used them to fill the container below, what is the maximum number of water balloons that he could break without overfilling the container?



Vprism = (10)(15)(8) $= 1200 \, \text{cm}^3$ Vsphere = 4Tr(3.5)3 = 179.6 cm3