### 9.0 Circle Definitions and Arcs Day 2

Learning Targets:
a. I can use central angles of a circle to find major and minor arcs of a circle.
b. I can use major and minor arcs of a circle to find central angles of a circle.

Any two points $A$ and $B$ on a circle $C$ determine a MINOR ARC and a MAJOR ARC.
MINOR ARC - The shorter arc connecting two points on a circle.

- A minor arc is less than $180^{\circ}$.
- The minor arc is denoted using two letters.
- The minor arc is equal to the measure of its central angle.

MAJOR ARC - The longer arc connecting two points on a circle.

- A major arc is between $180^{\circ}$ and $360^{\circ}$.
- The major arc is denoted using three letters.
- The major arc is equal to the difference of $360^{\circ}$ and the measure of the related minor arc.


Examples
For \#1 and 2 identify a major and minor arc and then find their measures.

2.

minor $m \overparen{A C}=71^{\circ}$ $m \underset{m a d A}{\text { mar }}=289^{\circ}$

For \#3 and 7 Ind the measures of $\overparen{A B}$ and $\widehat{C D}$ in circle U . Are the arcs congruent?
3.

4.



7. Given the circle below, find each of the following arcs.

a. $m \widehat{C D}=0^{0}$
b. $m \widehat{B D}=117^{0}$
c. $m \widehat{B E D}=$
d. $m \widehat{B D E}=$


One last example... $-2+7 x-2+7 x+72=180$


